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Content • Community • Culture

NYSE: GTN Gray Media, Inc. Public Investor Deck

February 27, 2025

Reflects 2024 Full-Year Results





A multimedia company headquartered in Atlanta, Georgia, Gray Media, Inc. ("Gray Media," "Gray," or the "Company") owns local television stations and digital assets serving 113 television markets that collectively reach approximately 37 percent of US television households (including an unbuilt station in the Salt Lake City market). The portfolio includes 78 markets with the top-rated television station and 99 markets with the first and/or second highest rated television station during 2024 according to Comscore, as well as the largest Telemundo Affiliate group with 44 markets.

The company also owns Gray Digital Media, a full-service digital agency offering national and local clients digital marketing strategies with the most advanced digital products and services. Gray's additional media properties include video production companies Raycom Sports, Tupelo Media Group, and PowerNation Studios, and studio production facilities Assembly Atlanta and Third Rail Studios.

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements that are based largely on Gray Media's current expectations and reflect various estimates and assumptions by company management. These statements may be identified by words such as "estimates," "expect," "anticipate," "will," "implied," "assume" and similar expressions. In addition, statements in this presentation relating to the value and growth opportunities for revenues are based on Gray's current expectations and beliefs and therefore constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks, trends and uncertainties that could cause actual results and achievements to differ materially from those expressed in such forward-looking statements. Such risks, trends and uncertainties which in some instances are beyond Gray's control, including estimates of future revenue, future expenses and other future events.

Gray is subject to additional risks and uncertainties described in the company's quarterly and annual reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time, including in the "Risk Factors," and management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations sections contained therein. Any forward-looking statements in this presentation should be evaluated in light of these important risk factors. This presentation reflects management's views as of the date hereof. Except to the extent required by applicable law, Gray undertakes no obligation to update or revise any information contained in this presentation beyond the published date, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.















Gray Media is the Nation's Second Largest Television Broadcaster

















High Quality, Diverse Media Assets with National Reach



- Highly desired and relevant local news and sports content that reaches mass audiences
- Resilient, stable local businesses contribute 80% of 2024 Core Advertising Revenue
- Adjacent, diversifying businesses in digital content and advertising, live sports production, and studio facilities



Unmatched Legacy, Bright Future

Premier Television Broadcaster with Sector-Leading Portfolio of Stations

Positive Trends in Relationships with Networks and MVPDs

Successful and Growing Digital and ATSC 3.0 Initiatives

Professional Sports Teams Are Growing Their Fan Bases With Gray's Stations

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Developing Opportunities in Deregulation, Political Advertising Revenue

6

Investments in Production and Studio Businesses Now Yielding Positive Cash

Strong Free Cash Generation and Prudent Balance Sheet Management

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Select Operating Results

\$ in Millions)	1	FY2024	F	Y2023		
Revenue (less agency						
commissions):					\$3.5 Billion L8QA F	levenue
Core advertising	\$	1,490	\$	1,514		
Political advertising		497		79		
Retransmission consent		1,482		1,532	\$1.0 Billion L8QA L	everage Ratio Denominat
Other		70		70		
Total broadcasting revenue		3,539		3,195		
Production companies		105		86	\$520 Million Debt P	rincipal Reduction in 202
- Total revenue	<u>\$</u>	3,644	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,281</u>		
					Leverage Bati	o at 12/31/24
Operating expenses:*					5.49x Leverage Rati	0 dt 12/31/24
Broadcasting	\$	2,317	\$	2,268		
Production companies	\$	83	\$	115	2.97x First Lien Lev	erage Ratio at 12/31/24
Corporate and administrative	\$	104	\$	112		
Net income (loss)	\$	375	\$	(76)	* Excludes depreciation, amor	tization, impairment and los
Adjusted EBITDA**	\$	1,162	\$	816	(gain) on disposal of assets, n ** See definition of non-GAAP the non-GAAP amounts to net	et. terms and a reconciliation o



Gray Consistently Outperforms its Peers Across Key Categories

\$33 LTM 9/30/24A Core +53% **Revenue / Gross TVHH** Peer Average \$21 **Last 10** \$32 LTM 9/30/24A +17% **Quarters Gross Retrans Revenue** / Gross TVHH \$27 Gray's Core Ad **Revenue Has** \$18 **`20A Political Revenue** +119% Outperformed / Gross TVHH \$8 the Average of **Its Four Public** Peers on A Year-\$11 '24A Political Revenue +67% **Over-Year Basis** / Gross TVHH¹ \$6 through 2024Q3 Nexstar² SINCLAIR³ SCRIPPS⁴ TEGNA⁵ Source: Company filings, Nielsen, Comscore and BIA Investing in Television Report Peer Group: Source: Company filings Note: 2020 TVHH per Comscore; 2024 TVHH per Nielsen

> ¹ For Gray, Scripps and Sinclair, '24A political is based on management-disclosed FY expectations; Nexstar and TEGNA based on YTD political revenue as of 2024 election day ² TVHH includes Mission Broadcasting; Core Revenue as reported; Retrans Revenue presented as Distribution Revenue; Q1'24 Core Revenue presents Local, National and Digital based on updated company methodology, Q2 and Q3'24 Core Revenue implied based on the year-over-year reduction in non-political advertising per company filings | ³ Pro forma for the deconsolidation of DSG; Core Revenue as reported; Retrans Revenue presented as Distribution Revenue | ⁴ Includes owned and operated Ion stations; Consolidated Core Revenue as reported; Retrans Revenue presented as consolidated Distribution Revenue; As reported Political revenue | ⁵ Core Revenue presented as Advertising and Marketing Services; Retrans Revenue presented as Subscription Revenue

Gray's Local Newscasts Dominate Viewership in Their Markets

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Household Viewership in Gray's Markets (In Millions during Jan. 4 – Jan. 11, 2025)

120

8

101.3

 Gray Local Newscasts in 111 markets (no newscasts in Salt Lake City or Yuma) reach more viewers across all of Gray's 113 markets, than:





Stable Relationship with Networks, Distributors

Successful History of Retransmission Renewals

- ✓ In the current renewal cycle, Gray renewed its retransmission agreements at our financial expectations and all were completed without consumer disruptions or "blackouts"
- ✓ Gray's retransmission cycle begins again with 22% of traditional MVPD subscribers in 2026 Q1. Thereafter: 17% in 2026 Q2, none in 2026 H2, 38% in 2027 H1, and 23% in 2027 H2

Improving Network Affiliation Fees

- Network Affiliation Fees largely stabilized in 2021, 2022, and 2023, and, in 2024, declined for the first time, albeit slightly
- We expect current dynamics between networks and affiliates will favor further reductions in Network Affiliation Fees
- ✓ In 2025, Gray will renegotiate network agreements with CBS, Fox, and NBC





Improving Subscriber Value Proposition

Retransmission Revenue for Currently Owned Stations (\$ in millions)



Improving Sub Signals

- ✓ Major MVPD actions to enhance customer value by reducing costs (due in part to reduction in channels and RSNs) and by bundling DTC apps are expected to slow subscriber losses going forward
 - Charter's video + internet packages now include most major DTC services at a lower monthly cost than internet access + a vMVPD service + the major DTC services
- ✓ In light of the above, and the exit already of the most likely to cut the cord, MVPD Subscriber churn rates are beginning to show signs of deceleration

Gray Reaches Viewers Everywhere





Rapidly Growing Digital Ad Revenue

Gray's online, streaming, and CTV **advertising solutions** continue to grow and reach more viewers and advertisers year after year, fueled in large part by our full-service digital ad agency business, Gray Digital Media

Our **Digital Core Ad Revenue** (all advertising revenue sold by Gray for digital platforms, other than political advertising revenue):

2023: Grew 13% over 2022

2024: Grew 17% over 2023

2025: Key focus of Gray's sales initiatives across the company.

In 2024, Digital Core Ad Revenue surpassed the core national advertising revenue category for the first time.





Consumers Engage Our Digital Content



January 2025 Results

- \checkmark Web video plays: +34% the previous record set in Dec. 2024
- \checkmark News app video plays: +25.8% the previous record set in Jan. 2024
- \checkmark CTV app video plays: +10.2% the previous record set in Jan. 2024
- Weather apps, screen views, and video plays all beat all-time records
- Total page views and sessions finished in third-place all time behind March and April 2020, the first two months of COVID.



ATSC 3.0 and NextGenTV Are Here



- 75%+ of US TV households can now receive NextGenTV programming from local stations using ATSC 3.0 technology, creating new opportunities for consumers, advertisers, and broadcasters, including superior picture quality and immersive sound as well as valuable audience location and measurement data.
 - In 2024, Gray became the first affiliate of a major network to broadcast all of its programming and the first major sporting event - using High Dynamic Range (HDR) with Dolby Vision and immersive sound using Dolby Atmos. In February 2025, Gray leveraged NextGenTV to broadcast the Super Bowl on eight of its FOX affiliates in both Dolby Vision and HDR10+ formats.
- ATSC 3.0 technology and deployments now make **datacasting and other non-video use cases** both realistic and near-term.
 - In January 2025, Gray, Nexstar, Sinclair, and Scripps announced their formation of EdgeBeam Wireless to provide expansive, reliable, and secure B2B data delivery services for industries that need to send data to multiple customers, often in real time.



Gray Generates Cash by Bringing Sports Back to Fans

- Gray's sports partnerships are expanding audiences and reach for teams, their players, and their fans.
 - Professional teams began their return to free local broadcast television in Spring 2023 when Gray announced its historic, innovative partnership with the Phoenix Suns and Mercury.
 - Since then, Gray has secured additional broadcast rights deals with <u>several dozen professional sports teams</u> (see next slide) as well as college and other professional teams across multiple sports.
- Gray's footprint offers unparalleled reach and opportunities for teams.
 - For example, Gray will bring 10 spring training games and 15 regular season games to Atlanta Braves fans in 24 different markets across the Southeast
- Local sports brings NEW viewers and NEW advertisers to our stations. Together, local news + local sports presents a winning combination.

Gray has launched 9 **Broadcast Sports Networks** that collectively cover approx. 20% of US TV households. the WAL SPORTS NETWORK **GULF**CAST

Approximately 2/3rds of Gray markets are now airing at least one local professional sports package

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Washington Opportunities Ahead

Deregulatory Actions Could Rebalance and Reinvigorate Industry

- FCC likely to reform outdated broadcast ownership restrictions that hamper necessary efficiency gains and ability to compete effectively
- ✓ FCC could revisit network/affiliate relationships, licensees' public interest obligations and constraints, and another voluntary auction of spectrum, each of which could positively influence our operating posture



2026 Competitive Political Cycle

✓ House, Senate, and Governorships are essentially all evenly split between the two political parties going into the mid-cycle races in 2026



Leading the Industry in Political Ad Revenue

Gray's 2020* and 2024 Political Ad Revenue (\$ in millions)



- Again in 2024, Gray led the industry with the highest political ad revenue in total and on a per TV household basis (~\$11.00/TVHH)*
- ALL Gray political ad categories grew in 2024 versus 2020, with the key exception of Senate races
 - 2024 Senate map concentrated on OH, PA, and MT, the latter two are outside of our footprint
 - 2026 Senate toss-up races are ALL likely to occur in states with significant Gray footprints: GA, ME, MI, NC, NH, and OH
- Overall, total 2024 Political Ad Spending was \$11 billion, up from \$9 billion in 2020, according to Ad Impact:
 - Broadcast TV spending grew from \$5.2 billion to \$5.3 billion
 - CTV took essentially all "new money"

* according to peer company 2024FY guidance



Assembly Studios Generating Cash as Productions Commence



- Gray completed construction of the Assembly Studios complex, located in the Atlanta metro area. In December 2023, NBCU commenced a long-term lease for approximately two-thirds of the 43-acre facility called Assembly Studios
- Assembly Studios, plus Third Rail Studios, presents a diversified long-term real estate opportunity for Gray in the movie and television industries
- ✓ **Positive cash** from operations at (unencumbered) Assembly Atlanta flow to Gray at the parent level
- ✓ Gray is executing on opportunities to maximize the value of the remaining ~75 acres of undeveloped property and expects to employ capital partners for additional multi-use development

Financial Policy Overview



Leverage	 Reduced principal amount of debt by \$520 million in 2024. At 12/31/24, First Lien Leverage Ratio was 2.97x and total Leverage Ratio was 5.49x using the definitions in our credit agreement.
Liquidity	 We believe strong cash generation, cash on balance sheet and access to capital markets and \$680 million revolver (less certain letters of credit) provide ample liquidity. No meaningful debt maturities until 2027, after the 2026 political cycle.
Operating Cost Containment	 In November 2024, Gray announced \$60 million of annual run-rate cost savings. Gray currently expects to achieve full run-rate by end of Q1 2025. We are continually working to make existing operations more efficient and evaluating opportunities for transactions that unlock in-market efficiencies.
Capital Allocation	 Continue to heavily favor debt reduction consistent with deleveraging goal of 4x. Continue balancing the payment of common dividends (\$8 million per quarter) to attract equity capital and to support the improvement of debt/equity ratio.



No Significant Maturities until 2027 (i.e., after the 2026 Political Cycle)

\$520 million debt principal reduction in 2024, with
\$250 million of remaining debt repurchase authorization

Committed to Deleveraging



Chart Current As of December 31, 2024 (\$ in Millions) Undrawn \$680 million Revolver (excluding \$6 million of outstanding letters of credit)



Capitalization Table 12/31/2024

		Cumulative		
(\$ in millions)	\$	Leverage		
Cash	<u>\$135</u>			
Revolver due 12/31/2027 (\$680MM/S +225)	-	-x		
Term Loan D due 12/1/2028 (S + 300)	1,395	1.38x		
Term Loan F due 6/4/2029 (S + 525)	498	1.87x		
10.5% 1L Senior Secured Notes due 7/15/2029	1,250	3.10x		
Total outstanding principal secured by first lien	\$3,143	3.10x		
First Lien Adjusted Total Indebtedness	\$3,008	2.97x		
5.875% Senior Unsecured Notes due 7/15/2026	10	3.11x		
7.000% Senior Unsecured Notes due 5/15/2027	528	3.63x		
4.750% Senior Unsecured Notes due 10/15/2030	790	4.41x		
5.375% Senior Unsecured Notes due 11/15/2031	1,219	5.61x		
Total outstanding principal, including current portion	\$5,690	5.61x		
Adjusted Total Indebtedness (1)	\$5,561	5.49x		
Leverage Ratio Denominator		\$1,014		
Total Liquidity (Cash + Available Revolver)	809			
(1) Includes \$6 million of outstanding undrawn letters of credit				

(1) Includes \$6 million of outstanding undrawn letters of credit.

Note: Excludes \$300 million AR Securitization and \$650 million Series A preferred equity

Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Calculation of Leverage Ratio Denominator, Adjusted Total Indebtedness, First Lien Leverage Ratio and Secured Leverage Ratio, as each is defined in our Senior Credit Agreement (Unaudited and as presented in Annual Report on Form 10-K)

	Eight Quarters Ended December 31, 2024		
		(in millions)	
Net income	\$	299	
Adjustments to reconcile from net income to Leverage Ratio			
Denominator as defined in our Senior Credit Agreement:			
Depreciation		289	
Amortization of intangible assets		319	
Non-cash stock-based compensation		42	
Common stock contributed to 401(k) plan		10	
Loss on disposal of assets, net		41	
Gain on disposal of investment, not in the ordinary course		(110)	
Interest expense		925	
Gain on early extinguishment of debt		(31)	
Income tax expense		111	
Impairment of goodwill, other intangible assets and investments		97	
Amortization of program broadcast rights		66	
Payments for program broadcast rights		(67)	
Pension benefit		(5)	
Contributions to pension plans		(4)	
Adjustments for unrestricted subsidiaries		45	
Adjustments for stations acquired or divested, financings and expected			
synergies during the eight quarter period		(1)	
Other		2	
Total eight quarters ended December 31, 2024	\$	2,028	
Leverage Ratio Denominator (total eight quarters ended			
December 31, 2024, divided by 2)	\$	1,014	
		December 31, 2024	
	(dollars in millions)		
Total outstanding principal, including current portion	\$	5,690	
Letters of credit outstanding	Ψ	5,090	
Cash		(135)	
Adjusted Total Indebtedness	\$	5,561	
Leverage Ratio (maximum permitted incurrence is 7.00 to 1.00)		5,301	
		5.47	
Total outstanding principal secured by a first lien	\$	3,143	
Cash	Ф	,	
First Lien Adjusted Total Indebtedness	\$	(135) 3,008	
First Lien Leverage Ratio (maximum permitted incurrence is 3.5 to 1.00) (1)	•	2.97	
First Lien Leverage Ratio (maximum permitted incurrence is 5.5 to 1.00) (1)		2.97	
Total outstanding principal secured by a lien	\$	3,143	
Cash	4	(135)	
Secured Adjusted Total Indebtedness	\$	3,008	
Secured Leverage Ratio (maximum permitted incurrence is 5.50 to 1.00)	<u> </u>	2.97	





		Year Ended December 31,						
		2024		2023			2022	_
				(in n	illions)			
	Net income (loss)	\$	375	\$	(76)	\$	455	
	Adjustments to reconcile from net income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA							
	Depreciation		144		145		129	
	Amortization of intangible assets		125		194		207	
	Impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets		-		43		-	
ΛΛΡ	Non-cash stock-based compensation		22		20		22	
	Non-cash 401(k) expense		-		10		9	
	Loss (gain) on disposal of assets, net		20		21		(2)	
iation	Miscellaneous (income) expense, net		(117)		(7)		4	
lauvii	Impariment of investments		25		29		18	
	Interest expense		485		440		354	
	Gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt		(34)		3		-	
BITDA	Income tax expense (benefit)		117		(6)		159	
	Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,162	\$	816	\$	1,355	;
	Supplemental Information:							
	Pension benefit	\$	3	\$	2	\$	3	
	Contribution to pension plan		-		4		4	
	Amortization of deferred loan costs		15		12		15	
	Preferred stock dividends		52		52		52	
	Common stock dividends		32		30		30	
	Purchases of property and equipment (2)		97		108		172	
	Reimbursements of property and equipment purchases (3)		-		-		7	

Income taxes paid, net of refunds

(2) Excludes \$46 million, \$240 million and \$264 million related to the Assembly Atlanta project in 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. (3) Excludes \$8 million, \$64 million and \$0 million related to the Assembly Atlanta project in 2024, 2033 and 2022, respectively.

Non-GA Reconcilia

Adjusted EBI (Unaudited)



Non-GAAP Terms

In addition to results prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), this presentation discusses "Adjusted EBITDA" a non-GAAP performance measure that management uses to evaluate the performance of the business. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as net income (loss), adjusted for income tax expense (benefit), interest expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, non-cash stock-based compensation costs, non-cash 401(k) expense, depreciation, amortization of intangible assets, impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets, impairment of investments, loss (gain) on asset disposals and certain other miscellaneous items. We consider Adjusted EBITDA to be an indicator of our operating performance.

In addition to results prepared in accordance with GAAP, "Leverage Ratio Denominator" is a metric that management uses to calculate our compliance with our financial covenants in our indebtedness agreements. This metric is calculated as specified in our Senior Credit Agreement and is a significant measure that represents the denominator of a formula used to calculate compliance with material financial covenants within the Senior Credit Agreement that govern our ability to incur indebtedness, incur liens, make investments and make restricted payments, among other limitations usual and customary for credit agreements of this type. Accordingly, management believes this metric is a very material metric to our debt and equity investors. Leverage Ratio Denominator gives effect to the revenue and broadcast expenses of all completed acquisitions and divestitures as if they had been acquired or divested, respectively, on January 1, 2023. It also gives effect to certain operating synergies expected from the acquisitions, if applicable, has been derived from, and adjusted based on, unaudited, un-reviewed financial information prepared by other entities, which Gray cannot independently verify. We cannot assure you that such financial information would not be materially different if such information were audited or reviewed and no assurances can be provided as to the accuracy of such information, or that our actual results would not differ materially from this financial information if the acquisitions had been completed on the stated date. In addition, the presentation of Leverage Ratio Denominator as determined in the Senior Credit Agreement and the adjustments to such information under Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933. Leverage Ratio Denominator, as determined in the Senior Credit Agreement, represents an average amount for the preceding eight quarters then ended.

Our "Adjusted Total Indebtedness" or "Net Debt", "First Lien Adjusted Total Indebtedness" and "Secured Adjusted Total Indebtedness" in each case net of all cash, represents the amount of outstanding principal of our long-term debt, plus certain other obligations as defined in our Senior Credit Agreement for the applicable amount of indebtedness.

These non-GAAP terms are not defined in GAAP and our definitions may differ from, and therefore may not be comparable to, similarly titled measures used by other companies, thereby limiting their usefulness. Such terms are used by management in addition to, and in conjunction with, results presented in accordance with GAAP and should be considered as supplements to, and not as substitutes for, net income and cash flows reported in accordance with GAAP.



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